## CITY OF PHILADELPHIA PHILADELPHIA WATER DEPARTMENT PRESENTATION RATE BOARD HEARING

Wednesday, May 2, 2018
MINUTES OF FORMAL MEETING

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LOCATION: EOM Athletic Association Banquet Hall 144 Moore Street

Philadelphia, PA 19148

REPORTED BY: Alice Mattes, Court Reporter

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HELD BEFORE: NANCY BROCKWAY - HEARING OFFICER

SONNY POPOWSKY - CHAIR

## ALSO PRESENT:

DEBRA McCARTY, COMMISSIONER JOANNE DAHME, MANAGER OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS ANDRE DASENT, ESQUIRE 1 \* \* \*

HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: evening. My name is Nancy Brockway. I'm the Hearing Officer appointed by the Philadelphia Water Sewer and Stormwater Rate Board to conduct hearings for them and to develop a record and make recommendations for them about the rate case. With me is the Chair of the Board, Sonny Popowsky.

The way we do things at these meetings, the first thing we do is we give the Water Department an opportunity to explain what it is that they want in terms of a rate increase and then why they believe that they need to have it, and then we have a representative of the public advocate. The public advocate is Community Legal Services. And they are hired by the Board to represent small users, mostly residential small business.

So without further ado, I'm going to introduce the commissioner of the Water Department, who will introduce our first speaker.

1 MS. McCARTY: Thank you, Nancy. Good
2 evening, everyone. Thanks for coming out
3 tonight. We do really appreciate you all
4 taking time out of your busy day, especially
5 on a beautiful day like today. Who wants to
6 be inside? But nonetheless, we do
7 appreciate you coming tonight.

And if you haven't already -- and I'm not sure I see them -- the customer guides on the table where you came in, I would -- no, that's the survey. But the customer guide, she's holding that up, I would urge you all, if you don't already have one, to take one with you. This is new and it's hopefully a go-to for everything in the Water Department.

But, nonetheless, I also would like to point out that back by the window back there are some folks that can assist with any questions you might have or billing issues or other concerns streetwise or otherwise. They are here to assist. And any time during this meeting feel free to go back and speak with them. We'll all be

1 here afterwards.

So without further ado, I'd like to introduce Joanne Dahme, Public Affairs

Manager.

MS. DAHME: Thank you.

So good evening, everybody. And, yeah, thanks for being here tonight on a beautiful day. I know it's a little tough when the weather's so great. I'm just going to provide a general overview, and then I'll talk a little bit about the drivers for the proposed rate increase.

So the Water Department is one of ten city-operating departments, but we're also a public utility that provides drinking water, wastewater and stormwater management services. So when you get that monthly bill you're paying for all three of those services. We also like to point out that when the Water Department does propose a rate increase, we do not profit from that, again, because we're a public utility. We are looking to recover the costs that we need to recover in order to operate and

1 maintain our system.

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The public safety is simply our top priority and we take a lot of pride in our unblemished record of providing safe and healthy drinking water. We are able to do that because we have a robust system. have three water treatment facilities. have over 3000 miles of water main. monitor those systems on a daily basis to make sure that that water is meeting the levels of cleanliness that is required by the DEP and the EPA. And hopefully sometime soon you'll be receiving a postcard from us about our annual drinking water quality report, where you'll see that we do better than as what's required by the EPA for drinking water standards.

And our rivers are our drinking water sources. So that's why we find it really important to make sure that our wastewater treatment facilities are also top quality, working up to the standards or doing better than the standards that are required. As a result of that, our waterways are the

1 cleanest they have been in over 150 years.

And so we're seeing that, you know,

3 throughout the country as a result of the

4 Clean Water Act. But we also have three

5 wastewater treatment facilities and a

6 robust sewer infrastructure as a component

7 of our system.

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The stormwater management components.

So the stormwater management component is the most costly component for the City of Philadelphia as it is for other water utilities around the country. We have allocated approximately 25 percent of our capital program is geared towards insuring

that we meet our Clean Water Act standards.

Our Green City Clean Waters Program
is one of the ways that we are doing that.
The program is designed to reduce combined
sewer overflows by using what we call green
stormwater infrastructure. And that is
like rain gardens and green roofs or
vegetative soils, which are designed to
capture that first one and a half inch of
stormwater, which provides the capacity we

need in our sewer system to ensure that we are able to eventually eliminate those overflows over a 25-year program.

4 So what do you see in your monthly 5 bill? So I only hope that people look at their bills. That's the best way to make 6 7 sure that you're getting an accurate reading, that your readings aren't 8 9 estimated. But we are -- we have a variety 10 of costs in there. One is for the water, and that's for the water treatment and the 11 12 delivery of that safe and top-quality 13 drinking water. The other component is for 14 the sewer. And that means every time you 15 use water in your property, you flush your 16 toilet, you take a shower, that water goes 17 down your drain, goes into our system and is treated at one of our wastewater 18 treatment facilities. The stormwater 19 20 management component is for the Clean Water 21 Green City Program, but other components of 22 our infrastructure that are dedicated just 23 to stormwater collection and management. 24 And the final part is a service charge.

And that's related to your billing and collections, the metering component of our operation.

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So why do we need a rate increase? So this rate increase is a proposal over the next three years. We're saying fiscal year '19 to fiscal year '21. We're looking to recover approximately 116 million in operating revenues. The drivers for that, there are a number of drivers. One of those is as you look at our infrastructure we call our pipes and plants. If you think about the past winter that we had, we had over 650 water main breaks between December and February that was a result of extreme cold weather, but as a result of an aging infrastructure. So your most vulnerable pipes will break under those extreme weather conditions.

We are looking to ramp up the miles of main that replace on an annual basis.

Today we're joining about 28 miles of main.

Over the next six years we're looking to do about 42 miles of main. We're also looking

- 1 to ramp up our sewer renewal process.
- We're also replacing -- our sewers are old.
- 3 So we're replacing sewers or lining those
- 4 sewers to make them more structurally
- 5 sound.
- 6 Also, we have to do that same thing
- 7 with our wastewater treatment facilities.
- 8 We have to do some expansion. And with our
- 9 water treatment facilities, we need to
- 10 ensure that we upgrade them as needed to
- 11 continue to meet more stringent
- 12 requirements of the Safe Drinking Water
- 13 Act.
- 14 People. It's every business, the
- 15 people are the heart of every business.
- And we have over approximately 2000
- 17 employees. Some of those employees who
- work 24/7 operating our facilities,
- repairing those mains, repairing those
- 20 sewers, making customer visits to
- 21 properties when they call us with an issue
- about a leaking service or something going
- on in their property, monitoring the water
- 24 quality in our mains. So, you know,

salaries go up, pensions go up, health

2 benefits. So that is a component of that.

We also see a reduced water

4 consumption. And that's not just the City

of Philadelphia, that's a national trend.

6 When you think about it, people are using

7 less water. You know, there's a

8 conservation epic that is out there. But

9 there is also when you buy a new dishwasher

or buy a new washer, they're designed to be

11 energy and water conservation efficient.

So any time you use any of those appliances

13 you're using less water.

14 We have seen sort of a drop in the

water consumption over the past ten years.

16 That does impact the unit cost of water

when we provide that to our customers. We

18 have estimated as a result of that

19 reduction that over the next three years to

their proposed rate period we may be losing

21 about 11 million dollars of potential

22 operating revenue.

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23 So the final component is the

24 environmental compliance. And that's like

our Green City Clean Waters Programs, which is under the Clean Water Act, Safe Drinking Water Act. We certainly recognize that we need and want to meet those regulatory requirements making sure that we're cleaning up our drinking water sources and providing top-quality water. there's certainly a cost to that. And we always try to balance the environmental compliance with affordability.

So the Rate Board -- Nancy introduced the Rate Board. The Rate Board is really in charge of overseeing this process. It makes the final recommendation. They're an independent body. They were developed as a result of the 2012 City Balance and City Council passed an ordinance. This is the second rate process the Rate Board is overseeing. They analyze everything that the Water Department submits, financial planning and any kind of technical documentation of the reports that justify from our perspective the need for the rate increase. They also listen to the public

advocate for which in this case is Community Legal Services, which also reviews our documentation. And then there's also this public process. So it's really important that people come out and give us their opinions. You can write to the Rate Board. You can send an e-mail to the Rate Board. But all that information becomes sort of like evidence to the 

process.

We're looking to complete this
process or have a report from the Rate
Board sometime in July with a hope for by
the Water Department implementation of the
first phase of the rate increase in
September, this coming September.

So we'd like to emphasize public input is something we take very seriously. The last rate case we heard a number of important issues from the public, and we take that information, we try to either revise our programs or implement new policies as we can. We did hear from a lot of people about, particularly low-income

customers, about their struggle to afford
water. And as a result of that, working
with Community Legal Services and
Councilman Sanchez, we did create a new
affordable rates program, which I'm going
to talk about in the next slide.

We've also heard from many people how difficult it is sometimes to get through to our Water Call Center and the Revenue Call Center. So we have two separate phone lines: One to call if you have a water emergency or service request; the other if you have a billing question.

We have recently physically merged those centers and we have begun cross-training our staff so that when a customer calls they can get what they're calling first-call resolution. They get a customer service representative that can answer their phone and provide them with the information that they are looking for. So we're sort of proud of that. But, again, that came from the public, who told us that this is what they wanted to see.

1 Improved language. So we're always 2 looking to ensure that we have publications, either online or in print, in 3 4 languages that are spoken by our customers. 5 So not everybody speaks English. We've always had that ability at our call 6 7 centers, but more recently we have ensured that our field staff have also access to 8 9 interpreter services. So if you see a 10 construction project happening, if a water main's being repaired, if a customer field 11 12 service representative comes to your 13 property, they have the ability to request 14 translation services when they're at a 15 property. We're also looking to ensure that we have more publications that are in 16 17 Spanish and other languages as requested. We also implement a lead service 18 19 assistance program. So the last time we 20 were proposing a rate increase Flint, 21 Michigan, and lead in drinking water was 22 one of the top issues we were hearing from 23 customers. The Water Department does not

own those lead service lines.

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recognize that was a real concern on the part of the public. So we instituted a program that when we are replacing water mains on the block we offer our customers who do have a lead service a free replacement from the main in the street all the way to the meter in the property. the past, we only replaced that section of service line that went to the sidewalk. that is a new component.

We've also expanded our zero-interest loan program, which is designed to assist customers who receive defective -- a notice of defect for either a bad lateral or a leaking water service. We've expanded that, so that is an also replace a lead service line if a customer has a concern about that.

We're also looking to expand the ability for tenants and occupants to become water customers. We've been working with CLS on that looking to make the process a bit easier. We'd also like to take that next step so that there's customers who

do -- who are eligible for our low-income
assistance program will have sort of a
speedier access to that.

4 So I mentioned our new affordable 5 rates program, otherwise known as our Tiered Assistance Program. That program 6 7 was implemented on July 1. That program is really targeted to the poorest of the poor 8 9 among our customers and for people who are 10 between zero and 150 percent of the Federal poverty level. We call that tiered, 11 12 because if you're between zero and 13 50 percent you are now paying a bill based 14 on your income at 2 percent. If you're at 15 51 to 100 percent, you're paying a bill 16 based on 2.5 percent of your income. 17 if you're between 101 and 150 you're paying a bill based on 3 percent of your income. 18 19 So the usage component is not taken into 20 account for our customers who do meet the 21 eligibility requirements for this. 22 customers do not have to be delinquent on 23 their bill, so it's more proactive in a 24 sense that if they're struggling to pay and that's been the message, that they should apply.

This new program is a one-stop shop application. So there's one application for anyone who is looking to apply for the senior citizen discount, for the TAP Program, or for other assistance programs. So we're hoping that people take advantage of that. We've been doing a lot of information campaigns around that. And what is important regarding this process, a customer who is on our TAP Program will not be impacted by the proposed rate increase.

'Cause, again, these bills are based on your income and not your usage.

So how much would a typical bill,
monthly bill -- monthly water bill increase
if this proposed rate increase does go into
effect? So the current typical bill, and
this is for a customer who's using about
500 cubic feet of water per month, and this
is a residential customer, you're most
likely paying about \$66.50 per month. I
mentioned this was a three-year phase-in,

so we're looking to increase those bills this coming September by 1.1 percent. next phase-in would happen the following September by 5 percent. And by September of 2020 we're looking for a 4.5 percent increase. At the end of that three-year abatement that would be about an increase of \$7.20 on a typical monthly customer's bill. 

mentioned that. It's really important that people attend public meetings. And if they can't, a lot of additional ways for them to provide their opinions about the proposed increase or their opinions about our customer service and how we can improve that. So the address is up there for the Rate Board for people to send a letter. There's a Rate Board e-mail, and just testifying today or providing handwritten testimony and handing that over to the Rate Board, which is fine, too.

So, lastly, when you came in we are doing customer surveys. And, again, this

is a component of our desire to really 1 2 improve our customer service. It's really 3 important that we hear from people. 4 we're asking customers about what do they 5 think about our water quality, what do they think about our cost in our operations, or 6 7 how are we impacting you during construction projects. We take that 8 9 information and we look to improve in our 10 policies or programs that directly impact 11 our customers. 12 So we thank you for being here 13 tonight, and I'm going to hand this back 14 off to Nancy. 15 HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Thank you, 16 Miss Dahme. I also want to thank 17 Commissioner McCarty. We have Joline Price, 18 who is with Community Legal Services. as I mentioned, they are the public 19 20 advocate. And Miss Price will discuss 21 similar concerns that the public advocate 22 intends to raise. 23 MS. PRICE: So good evening, 24 everybody. Thanks for being here bringing

your voice to this case. As Miss Brockway
said, my name is Joline Price. I'm an
attorney at Community Legal Services. CLS
was appointed the public advocate to
represent the interests of residential water
consumers and other small users in this

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case.

We've prepared a flier, which I 8 9 passed around to some of you -- but if you would like one, let me know -- that 10 11 encourages you to voice your concerns and 12 list a few of the bigger issues we've identified in this case. We really want to 13 14 encourage you to speak up regarding the 15 proposed rate increase and any other issues 16 that you think the Water Rate Board should 17 hear.

In this case the Water Department is asking for 116 million more in rates. If this request is approved, your rates will go up each year for three years. If approved, you'll be asked to pay 87 to 95 dollars more per year for water. This represents an 11 percent increase in your

water bill. In our role as public 1 2 advocate, we've been working with a team of experts to examine the financial figures 3 4 provided by the Water Department. We have 5 concerns about the way the Water Department estimates how much it needs you to pay in 6 7 higher rates. We have concerns about the -- oh. Last time the Water Department 8 9 raised rates, they received 89.5 million 10 dollars more in revenues. It said it needs 11 that money, but also said it would spend 12 some of the 200 million dollars that is collected in the bank. 13 14 15 (Whereupon a brief interruption occurs.) 16 17 MS. PRICE: But the Water Department 18 hasn't spent the money it has in the bank 19 and is now back asking you again for more. 20 We want to hear from you. Do you 21 think it's fair to raise your rates, as the 22 Water Department hasn't been spending the 23 money you've already paid? 24 We are also examining several large

1 policy changes, which the Department is

2 proposing and which directly contribute to

3 the higher rates. First the Water

4 Department wants you to start paying

5 approximately 8 million dollars more per

6 year for water used by the fire department.

7 That cost doesn't pay for tax dollars per

8 decade. Why should you have to pay a water

bill to help cover the expenses of fighting

fires all over the city in hotels, office

11 buildings, or even a public facility? That

water doesn't come through your meter.

The Water Department also wants you
to pay an additional 12 million per year to
directly finance construction projects.

These projects are supposed to benefit

customers for decades, but the Water

Department wants you to pay for them now

instead of spreading the cost over time or

spending some of the cash it already has in

21 the bank.

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The Water Department wants you to pay an additional 10 million for grants to

commercial developers who construct green

stormwater infrastructure that helps keep 1 2 stormwater out of the City sewers. a lot of money. And the Water Department 3 4 wants you to pay for it, instead of 5 spending the 200 million cash they have sitting in the bank. 6 7 You may or may not have heard about the Tiered Assistance Program, the Water 8 9 Department's new affordability program. 10 This program provides discounted bills, but only if you're able to enroll. Have you 11 12 heard about the program? 13 MR. BALZER: No. 14 MS. PRICE: Have you tried to apply 15 and were unable to get enrolled? 16 The Department and the Rate Board 17 need to hear from you on those vital 18 issues. You're only going to be protected from the rate increase if you're actually 19 20 able to enroll in the program. 21 We want to hear any other concerns 22 you have about the Water Department and the 23 Water Revenue Bureau based on your

experiences. If you feel that customer

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service needs to be improved, we believe you should say so. If you believe the Water Department has not been responsive or available when you've had issues, we believe you should say so. If you believe the Water Department does a great job at certain things, or a not so great job at other things, we believe you should say so. 

Come forward, provide your input and share your experiences so they can be considered in this case. So the Rate Board has the obligation to balance your interest against the Department's claimed need for higher rates, because the law requires that rates be just and reasonable. It is important for the Hearing Officer and Board Members to hear that there are many real-life people in our community for whom an 11 percent increase would be a real burden.

The flier that we have, also, in addition to all the public hearings, this is the last one, has information about submitting comments in writing. Please

take one. Tell your friends. Tell your 1 2 neighbors. And please submit input in writing if you'd like to do so. We could 3 4 also help you understand any of the issues 5 or talk through how to submit public input. So feel free to ask us for more information 6 7 or find our contact information on the flier. So thank you. 8 9 10 (Applaud.) 11 12 HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Thank you, Miss Price. 13 14 I wanted to make a couple of 15 housekeeping notes. We do have a court 16 reporter. At these public hearings we are 17 taking down a recording of what people are saying. Because one of my jobs is to 18 collate all of the public comments, both 19 oral and written, that the Board gets and 20 21 give the Board an accurate picture of the 22 types of concerns or comments that are 23 raised.

We're about to start opening it up to

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the public. But I'm told that a 1 2 representative of Councilman Squilla's office is here, and I wonder if he would --3 4 there he is in the back. 5 So he has identified himself. And I'm -- I don't know whether he will be able 6 7 to stay for the whole meeting. But I'm sure he'd be glad to hear your concerns 8 also. 9 10 MR. LAUER: I'm staying. I'm not 11 going anywhere. 12 HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Okay. We 13 have the sign-in sheets. And so far we have 14 three people who have indicated an interest in speaking. And this is not in any 15 particular order, but I'll just go down the 16 17 list. The first is Henry Balzer. 18 Mr. Balzer, why don't you come up. And there's a microphone available and 19 20 everybody could hear. 21 MR. BALZER: Thank you. Thank you 22 very much. 23 Actually, I think that one of the --

one of the things that should be brought to

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1 everyone's attention is how come the Water

2 Department doesn't try the recoup all the

delinquent bills or the money for the bills

from over the years? That would more than

offset the rate increase. Number two, I

6 believe, personally believe that all senior

7 citizens should get a break in their bills.

8 Most -- a lot of senior citizens are just

over that threshold, where they don't meet

10 the criteria to get a rate -- a little bit

of a break on their bill.

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And, like I said, I believe 11

percent is above and beyond anything I've

ever heard of. Okay? What I want to point

out is that back in around 1970 your

average water bill -- I was around back

then -- was about 25, 30 dollars every

three months. Not every month, every three

months. And then once the '80s hit, the

mid '80s, the bills escalated. And it just

kept on going ever since. And you guys

have 200 million bucks in the bank. Let's

get serious. I mean, how come that's not

being taken into account?

And, like I said, a lot of people out 1 2 here are struggling. I don't think the 3 Water Department or the City of 4 Philadelphia understands that. There's a 5 lot -- like I said, there's a lot of seniors out here, there's a lot of 6 7 low-income people out there -- out here that are struggling from week to week. And 8 9 I don't think that, you know, anybody 10 cares, anybody cares about these people. I really don't. And that's basically all I 11 12 have to say. For the time being, anyway. 13 HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Thank you 14 very much. 15 16 (Applaud.) 17 18 MR. BALZER: Thank you. 19 HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: If you 20 missed our last hearing, I would invite you 21 to, if you have e-mail, send us an e-mail or 22 write us a snail mail letter and let us 23 know. 24 By the way, the Board is composed of

volunteers appointed by the mayor and is 1 independent of the Department. So if you 2 make a complaint to the Department it 3 4 doesn't necessarily get to the Board for 5 this rate case. But the Board would like to hear from everybody. 6 7 Next Dave Becker. MR. BECKER: We're teaching a civics 8 lesson right now, too. And we have visual 9 aids for you. We do like the visual aids. 10 11 HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Mr. Becker 12 has just put on the table a very colorful 13 block made apparently of Legos. 14 MR. BECKER: Accurate. 15 Hi. Thank you for the opportunity to 16 speak. My name is Dave Becker. 17 Lucas, come on. I'm here with my son, Lucas Becker, 18 and my wife, Veronica Becker. I live on 19 20 the 100 block of Monroe Street. And I've 21 lived there for five years. I've lived in 22 the city for over thirty years. I have two 23 sixth graders attending Philly public

schools. And I'm the founder of an

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- education technology startup in Philadelphia.
- I'm here tonight for Philadelphia.

4 I'm here to explain that Philadelphia has a

5 problem with the Water Department, and I

6 want to provide experiences, my experiences

7 as examples. I want to ask the Board to

8 please not approve a rate increase. A rate

increase will make the problem worse. The

10 problem is that the Water Department

doesn't have a customer service focus. And

12 customer service is critical to

13 Philadelphia. When city service levels

fail, people leave the city.

15 This is the second time that I am

speaking in front of you at these meetings.

17 This is the nicest day of the two,

18 definitely. And I hope it shows the level

of passion that I have around these

20 concerns. Our city services need to be the

same or better than other city -- than

other cities to attract talent and help our

23 city thrive.

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24 If you look up Google you'll see that

the Water Department has a star rating of 2 1.7 out of 5. One, point, seven. And

before you blow that number off, Boston has

4 a star rating of 4.4. If you go to the

5 Water Department's financial statements and

6 search the term, quote, customer service,

7 you won't see the term used once. What you

8 will see is a cash balance of nearly

9 200 million in cash reserves and a

10 statement of net position that's increased

11 by 14 percent in two years. Just two

12 years. What the Water Department really

needs is not more cash. It needs a better

14 attitude towards its customers from the top

15 down. And this is our chance to send the

message.

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Why do I think this is a problem?

Because I've experienced poor customer

service firsthand at virtually every layer

in the Water Department. And although this

is very frustrating to me, I know it's a

bigger issue for the City. As I mentioned

last time, our street, 100 block of Monroe

Street, is sinking. This Lego structure,

- built by Lucas and his twin sister,
  represents the height of our curbs due to
  water and erosion issues. This is the
- 4 actual height of parts of our curb. The
- 5 top two layers represent how much --
- 6 HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Do you want
- 7 to give an estimate of how tall that is.
- 8 MR. BECKER: What's that?
- 9 MS. BECKER: Nine inches.
- 10 MR. BECKER: It's like nine, ten
- inches.
- MS. McCARTY: No, I think it's
- 13 ten-plus inches. We measured it in
- 14 Councilman Squilla's office.
- MR. BECKER: Let the record show it is
- 16 ten-plus inches.
- 17 The top two layers represent how much
- 18 the street has sunk in the nine months
- 19 since we first asked for help. So these
- 20 two Lego bricks are how much it fell in
- less than a year. It's continuing to sink.
- Our street regularly has collapses. We've
- had multiple trash trucks break through the
- streets. The curbs are artificially high.

1 It's extremely unlikely an ambulance can

get down our street during an emergency.

And there are other issues, but I think you

4 get the idea.

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I have to admit that once we got

Councilman Squilla involved the Water

Department was responsive. But if you

strip away the words and look at the

9 outcomes, really nothing's been fixed. The

10 Water Department has pointed the finger

11 back at its citizens for our sinking

12 streets citing homeowner lateral issues as

13 the cause. Twelve laterals in total over

14 the last few years. That's 40 percent of

the homes on our block. 40 percent.

16 Somehow 40 percent of the laterals on our

block all broke around the same time. It

seems unlikely, but with the Eagles winning

19 the Superbowl I guess anything can happen.

The tests they ran to arrive at this

21 conclusion were kind of a slap in the face.

For example, rather than unscrew the vent

tops on our street to run the lateral test,

they simply forcefully broke them. Our

street was littered with dozens of pieces
of iron. And I've brought them for you
today.

Can you say dramatic effect

(indicating).

Those are the actual vent tops that were just broken because people were just frankly too lazy to unscrew them and just broke them. I think there was like thirteen of them that were broken.

HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: They appear to be iron bars that are maybe eight and a quarter of an inch thick and a half an inch wide and vary in lengths.

MR. BECKER: Accurate.

The most significant result of these meetings -- I'm sorry.

Of course we escalated things. We had meetings with the Chief Water Engineer,
Mark Waas, the General Manager of Public
Affairs, Joanne Dahme; the Deputy Water
Commissioner, Donna Schwartz; and the Water
Commissioner, Debbie McCarty. The most
significant result of these meetings, a

- 1 \$10,000 report paid for by the Water
  2 Department showing eighteen street
- anomalies that is now pretty much being
- 4 ignored.
- 5 Since the water rate hearing at City
- 6 Hall, Commissioner McCarty has tried to
- 7 propose solutions. And while she has been
- 8 responsive, I cannot say that it's been
- 9 helpful. She suggests that we apply for a
- 10 Water Department help loan, which was
- 11 described earlier. Essentially, the city's
- 12 program is to defer the cost of our repairs
- over five years. This would definitely
- take the sting out of a \$4,000 expense.
- 15 \$4,000. I applied for the help loan
- through an online form on the Water
- 17 Department website. No response. In fact,
- we should call it a form to nowhere,
- 19 because when I met with Commissioner
- 20 McCarty she hadn't heard of the form before
- and when she investigated it, she sent me a
- different link to, well, nowhere.
- So what did I do? I persisted. My
- 24 wife got quotes from plumbers, \$3700.

1 Found a cheaper quote. Still a lot of

2 money for a family with two kids starting a

3 business in Philadelphia. We told

4 Commissioner McCarty. She thought it was

5 too much and got the help program to call

6 us directly, which, honestly, I thought was

7 great. Maybe things were changing. That

8 was -- we were optimistic. They weren't.

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The help program quoted at a higher price than our plumber. In short, the Water Department was asking us to pay more for an interest-free loan. Why would we ever do that? Ridiculous. We brought this up to Commissioner McCarty. She quoted the Water Department process like it's an intangible barrier. Process before people. Sorry, no help for you.

I think we can all agree that customer service needs to be the focus of the Water Department. However, they have real issues; One, point, seven out of five star issues. Approving the rate hike will not solve these issues. It sends a signal that it's business as usual for them.

This year I ask you to try something
different. Just say no. Just say no to
the rate increase. Send a signal that this
is no longer business as usual. Send a
message that Philadelphia can be better.
Send a declaration that its leaders need to

I always have patriotic music when I get to this part.

step up.

Denying the rate increase won't show that you're anti-water. It will show that you're pro-customer. And I'm going to repeat that again. If you don't accept this rate increase, you're not anti-water, you really are just supporting customers in this case.

Finally, why aren't there more people here? Because they think nothing will really change. They will listen to a few concerned citizens that Commissioner McCarty will respond with some vague promises that political forces will apply pressure that the City needs money. Let's make this time different. Let's side with

		Page 38
1	the citizens.	
2	* * *	
3	(Whereupon, a brief interruption	
4	occurs.)	
5	* * *	
6	MR. BECKER: Can you turn the phone	
7	off. Or step outside for a half a second.	
8	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Sorry about that.	
9	MR. BECKER: Thank you.	
10	So let's make this time different.	
11	Let's side with the citizens. Please tell	
12	the Water Department to fix its customer	
13	service issues before we consider another	
14	rate increase. Thank you.	
15	* * *	
16	(Applaud.)	
17	* * *	
18	HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Are you	
19	taking your display back?	
20	MR. BECKER: I am. I would like the	
21	record to show that I'm disappointed with	
22	Lucas for not being up here with me the	
23	whole time.	
24	MS. DAHME: He didn't feel like he had	

director of an organization with a really long name, the Tookany/Tacony-Frankford

Watershed Partnership, TTF.

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So I'm just here to talk about our support for the Green City Clean Waters parts of the plan that the Water Department has proposed. We think that's really important and we're really seeing the impact of that.

10 TTF is an organization whose mission 11 is to improve the health of our watershed. 12 So it's one of Philadelphia's watersheds. 13 We work with our municipalities and our 14 communities in this 30-square mile watershed, and we do that through 15 16 education, stewardship, restoration 17 advocacy. Our watershed includes 18 neighborhoods in the north, northeast, and northwest of Philadelphia, as well as the 19 20 upstream municipalities of Cheltenham, 21 Abington, Jenkintown, and a little bit of 22 Rockledge and a little bit of Springfield 23 Township.

Through education outreach and

projects we support efforts to restore our 1 impaired creeks and streams while building 2 environmental stewardship. We're the only 3 4 Philadelphia watershed partnership to be 5 incorporated as a nonprofit organization. Our members of municipalities pay dues to 6 7 support us. And our mission's to work across boundaries. So we work in 8 9 Philadelphia, we work in upstream 10 communities, and we bring people together to focus on improved water quality and 11 12 improved water health. 13 So we're proud to support Green City

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Clean Waters. We've seen firsthand the positive impact to the plan on cities, neighborhoods, watershed communities, and parks. The implementation of the plan not only reduces the impact of stormwater runoff on our city's infrastructure, but it also leads to healthier, safer neighborhoods and increased community engagement.

In corporation with Philadelphia

Parks & Recreation and a lot of community

stakeholders, especially the Friends of 1 2 Vernon Park, we've designed and installed rain gardens in Vernon Park in Germantown 3 and also at the Olney Recreation Center. 4 5 Both gardens have native trees and shrubs and they not only slow down in filter 6 7 runoff, but have increased -- have resulted in increased stewardship due to more 8 9 beautiful parks and expanded environmental 10 education. Those are just two examples of how green infrastructure that's part of 11 12 Green City Clean Waters is really leading 13 to healthier, greener neighborhoods.

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We've also seen the impact of the program on Clean Water and Neighborhood

Health and a bunch of other sites that we have not been involved with directly, but are in our neighborhoods. And those are projects that Cardone Industry, which is one of the City's biggest employers, at Friends Hospital, and at the Globe Dye Works, where we are located. And these are programs that are really enabling us to meet our federal clean water requirements,

which is something that I think we all support in a really innovative and efficient way.

The headwaters of our creeks, you know, the Tookany, the Wissahickon, the Pennypack, they're all located outside of the city. So we are really seeing, as an organization that works across that city boundary, how Green City Clean Waters and the Water Department, how that program is leading to improved appreciation and stewardship of the creeks that flow through our cities, our cities, parks, and into the rivers, which are the sources of our drinking water.

So we are actively sharing what we have learned through Green City Clean
Waters with our upstream communities, who are not as advanced in terms of this kind of work as Philadelphia is. And because of our work in this area and the knowledge that we obtain by working with Green City Clean Waters organizations, we've implemented projects in a number of schools

and a number of religious sites upstream --1 2 not using Water Department funding, but other funding that we have raised. 3 We've 4 engaged over a thousand volunteers, planted 5 over a thousand trees and shrubs, restored wetland, and manage runoff of more than ten 6 7 acres in areas that are adjacent to creeks upstream that eventually flow into the 8 9 city. 10 Green City Clean Waters is transforming our city. Innovative planning 11 12 and implementation of this groundbreaking 13 sensible plan is also leveraging investment 14 and improving the creeks and streams in our 15 upstream communities. And we believe that that will result in a healthier region and 16 17 healthier watersheds, especially for Philadelphia. So thank you very much for 18 your consideration. 19 20 (Handing.) 21 HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Thank you. 22 This is a copy of your statement today? 23 MS. SLAVET: Yes. 24 HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Okay.

1 We'll make sure it goes in the record.

MS. SLAVET: Thank you.

will spur you.

HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: I don't see

anyone else who has indicated they would

like to speak. But if anybody else would

like to speak I'd like to open it up for

people. Maybe what someone else has said

All right. Well, I appreciate very much the -- oh, one of the things we also do is we give Commissioner McCarty an opportunity to answer factual questions that have come up. So instead of letting you linger, she can get to them right now.

MS. McCARTY: Thank you, Nancy.

So affordability is very important to us. And we have recently requested that the senior citizen discount be increased by \$800 -- well, excuse me. The 25 percent discount for senior citizens at income level be increased by \$800 to \$32,500. We also like to tell folks that the affordable rates program, it's one application. So you don't have to know if it's senior

citizen or if it's one of the Tiered 1 2 Assistance programs that you would need, or whatever. You would generalize in 3 senior -- not just saying you. 4 5 MR. BALZER: You're right. MS. McCARTY: Pardon? 6 7 MR. BALZER: You're right. MS. McCARTY: But it's one application 8 and fill it all out and Water Revenue Bill 9 10 will pick the best program for you, the most affordable program. So that is the -- on 11 12 the senior citizens and the TAP program. 13 And I'm happy to answer any questions 14 afterwards if you want to. 15 And regarding customer service, it is 16 really important. We have invested a lot 17 in improving it. And we're continuing to 18 attempt to improve customer service. 19 What I can say about the Monroe 20 Street properties, this is a -- really a 21 personal issue. We have been spending a 22 lot of energy out there. I've been 23 personally involved, as you heard, and

we're working to get the problems corrected

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as they need to be through the various 1 2 means we have at our disposal. But we do 3 care about every property owner in 4 Philadelphia and all of our customers. 5 So I think those were the issues. thought we had another person of the 6 public, but I think they wanted a bathroom. 7 HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Thank you, 8 Commissioner. 9 10 If there's nothing else, I want to thank you all for coming. And we will --11 12 I have a question for the MR. BALZER: 13 Commissioner. If the use, the water use, 14 sewers is down over the last several years, 15 then why do you need an increase? And not 16 only that -- let me -- can I finish? 17 There's two people in my household, okay? We don't have a lawn. I don't have 18 19 a car. I'm sorry, I don't wash my car. 20 do have a car. I don't have a swimming 21 pool. However, my rates -- and I've called 22 the Water Department about this, by the 23 way, and they actually sent somebody down. 24 And they examined my meter, they checked

the toilet. The guy actually went above 1 2 and beyond. And he couldn't find a thing However, it fluctuates from the 80s 3 wrong. 4 to the 60s. And it's like the person I 5 speak to will tell me, well, you know what, you're using too much water. I said, 6 7 that's virtually impossible. First of all, we don't drink the water. The water is 8 9 terrible down here. We actually --10 seriously. I'm telling you like it is. We actually buy bottled water. And that's 11 12 what we drink. Except for showering and 13 things of that nature, washing, you know, 14 washing machines and things of that nature. 15 That's it. Now, I can't understand what's going on. 16 17 And, like I said, for the life of me 18 I can't understand if the usage is down, and the thing that blows my mind is the 19 20 thing with the fire department. 8 million 21 dollars for the fire department so they can 22 fight fires. Are you kidding me? 23 heard of such a thing in any city. 24 And, oh, one other thing, I'm sorry.

1 MS. McCARTY: I'm gonna have to write 2 this down. 3 MR. BALZER: Doesn't the Water 4 Department also supply the surrounding 5 counties, not just Philadelphia? MS. McCARTY: Okay. I'm going to try 6 7 to remember -- I think you had four points. The first one was with -- in Joanne's slide 8 9 with consumption going down, why are rates 10 going up? 11 MR. BALZER: (Nods head.) 12 MS. McCARTY: They are fixed costs. 13 So we have six large treatment plants, three 14 drinking water and three wastewater. So 15 there are fixed costs that we still need to 16 run those facilities. And if we put more 17 water through them or more wastewater it's just a small incremental cost increase. So 18 we need to recover this cost. So that's 19 20 like the very basic, simple answer to that. 21 MR. BALZER: Okay. 22 MS. McCARTY: The next issue --23 MS. DAHME: Fluctuating water bill. 24 MS. McCARTY: Fluctuating water.

about we talk afterwards and look at your -
we have to go back and let's look at your

consumption and let's deal with that. I

4 think that sounds like maybe a specific

issue.

6 MR. BALZER: Right.

7 MS. McCARTY: The fire costs. Right now previous -- all these many decades, and 8 9 I think Joline mentioned it as well, we have 10 to -- by City Charter it calls for us to 11 recover those costs from the fire 12 department. So the fire hydrants and the 13 capacity in the water mains is -- is -- they 14 are cost-associated with fighting fires. 15 maintaining the water hydrants and things 16 like that. So previous to now the Water 17 Department has charged the general funds to the tax base for those costs. And there's 18 been a -- so with this rate case the request 19 20 is that instead of the taxpayers those costs 21 be borne by the water, sewer, and stormwater 22 rate payer. And it would be intended to 23 come out of the service charge. So that's 24 the request, the proposal before the Board

1 right now.

2 And then the last issue was the outlying counties. So we have ten 3 4 wholesale wastewater customers and we have 5 one wholesale water customer. And they actually help keep our cost down, those of 6 7 us that live in the city, because they are paid for -- they actually pay the cost of 8 9 service, as well as there's a fee of 10 to 10 12 percent on top of that. So they help us keep our rates lower, actually, 'cause they 11 12 are using our facilities and helping with that fixed cost. 13

MR. BALZER: One other thing that I would like answered. How come they don't go after people who don't pay their bills?

MS. McCARTY: Oh, I'm sorry.

MR. BALZER: This has been going on

19 for years.

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20 MS. McCARTY: That was one of your

21 first points.

MR. BALZER: Yes, it was.

MS. McCARTY: And I apologize for

that. And we do have -- we have 130 days

out of the year that we can shut off 1 2 residential customers. Commercial customers, we can shut off all year round. 3 4 But from December 1st through March 31st. 5 And we can't shut off the day before a holiday or on Fridays. So it works out to 6 7 be about 130 days. Unless there's a heat -one of the heat days, heat emergency day, 8 and then we don't shut off water during 9 10 those days either. So it's a very limited amount of time. Water Revenue is -- you 11 12 know, to be delinquent calling for shutoff 13 you need to be -- missed two months of 14 payment and have -- owe us over 75 dollars. 15 And then that will trigger the notifications to be shut off. But we do shut off 16 17 customers. We do not get -- honestly, I 18 never want to shut anybody off. But that 19 sometimes causes people to either get in a 20 payment agreement, get into an assistance 21 program, or pay their bill. 22 So we do have an aggressive 23 collection and our collection factor 24 actually is pretty good.

1	MR. BALZER: That was my next
2	question. How much do they actually recoup
3	besides shutting the water off? How much
4	money do they recoup from people that owe a
5	load of money for years and years and years?
6	MR. DASENT: 96 percent collection.
7	MS. McCARTY: Right. The collection
8	factor is 96 percent.
9	MR. BALZER: Really?
10	MS. McCARTY: Yes, sir.
11	MR. BALZER: Okay. Thank you.
12	MS. McCARTY: You're welcome.
13	HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: We have
14	Miss Becker.
15	MS. BECKER: This is my first public
16	hearing. Can you just speak to the
17	justification around the 200 million cash
18	reserve, why that isn't I know it's been
19	brought up by the speakers. Why a portion
20	of that isn't the first step prior to the
21	rate increase?
22	HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: This is a
23	topic which is one of the main issues before
24	the Board. The Water Department has its

view about how those funds should be managed 1 2 and how much should be in the fund and how much should be drawn from the fund. The 3 4 public advocate has put forward a different 5 perspective on that. And so that is one of the issues that's now being litigated before 6 7 the Board. So I don't think it's a purely factual question. 8

MS. McCARTY: But the one factual answer is that as part of our rate proposal for the three-year period, our plan and in the proposal is to draw it down by 43 million dollars over the next three years. And, again, as the hearing officer indicated, you know, that -- it is a point of much discussion. And I'm happy to discuss it afterwards if you're interested.

HEARING OFFICER BROCKWAY: Well, this has been a small group, but it's been one of the more lively and interactive sessions.

So I thank you very much for coming in.

We'll close the hearing. Thank you.

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24 (Whereupon, the hearing concluded

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         at 7:24 p.m.)
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